## **Risk KAN Working Group Compound Events and Impacts**

Working Group Leads: Colin Raymond (UCLA, Los Angeles, USA; csraymond@ucla.edu), Kai Kornhuber (Earth Institute, Columbia University, New York, USA; kk3397@columbia.edu), Mona Hemmati (Columbia University, New York, USA; mh4232@columbia.edu), Cassandra Rogers (Bureau of Meteorology, Melbourne, Australia; cassandra.rogers@bom.gov.au)

**Risk KAN Development Team contact:** Markus Reichstein (Max Planck Institute for Biogeochemistry, Jena, Germany; *mreichstein@bgc-jena.mpg.de*)

## Rationale

The climate and risk-management literature has in the last several years begun to consider ways to address multi-risks; the amplification of risks due to the compounding effects of multiple hazards happening simultaneously or sequentially. Risks can also derive from attributes of the societal or environmental response to multiple unrelated events which, sometimes at a significant time lag, result in the straining of resources or the disruption of markets. Often, compound events are studied within the confines of a single field (e.g. multiple hydrological threats from a tropical cyclone) or across adjacent fields (e.g. heat waves and droughts). This status quo precludes the possibility of disentangling impacts that compound across a broader range of societal sectors and elements of the climate system, an objective which is challenging but absolutely essential for informing business, policy, emergency management, and climate-change adaptation. In practice, decisions related to compound extreme events often hinge on local infrastructure or political considerations within the societal context, so identifying and incorporating such constraints when producing climate information is crucial for its usefulness.

## **Aims**

The aim of this working group is to bring together multidisciplinary insights on compound events' physical characteristics, risks, and impacts. We also aim to address the possible future evolution of hazards under climate change, and take into account the dynamic nature of vulnerability and exposure for health, economic, or environmental impacts. In addition, serious efforts to entrain decision-makers in the design of extreme-event-impact research are necessary, spanning fields including infrastructure, agriculture, ecosystem, and water management. The international sharing of results and best practices that derive from such projects, both case studies and efforts that are more systematic in nature, will be important in developing efficient methods for tackling these very complex problems.

Consequently, solutions to directly address risks from compound events under climate and socioeconomic changes, whether by adaptation and/or risk-management techniques, need to be developed to
translate hard-won insights to the solutions space. In this context we will consciously aim to build
elements of a broad conceptual and methodological framework to detect, quantify, and understand
changes in compound-event impacts, at a time when the signal of many variables has not yet emerged as
a significant trend when considered univariately, whether due to the incompleteness of the observational
record or the rarity of the most extreme events. In other words, we ask if there are ways in which the
impacts structure has changed in the past several decades so as to amplify risk beyond what would be
expected from conducting a traditional univariate, physical-system-focused risk analysis.

## **Activities**

Our actions are intended to promote the exchange of different perspectives on compound events, primarily through a series of webinars that take place on a monthly-to-semimonthly basis. We also produce, through curation and crowdsourcing, a newsletter containing relevant journal articles, newsworthy events, and conferences of interest. A final important piece of our mission involves the organization of in-person networking events in association with major conferences such as AGU and EGU.

Our overarching aim is to serve as a helpful forum for professional socialization and advancement for the compound-events community, independent of researchers' discipline, physical location, or career stage.